





Opinion Poll

The Role of Micro Businesses in Our Economy

October 9, 2012

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Executive Summary

Small businesses are one of the most respected constituencies in the country, and certainly one of the most courted by policymakers in Washington. However, small businesses are also a group that legislators and the general public understand little about—the very smallest ones, especially. Those businesses are known as "micro businesses."

A new opinion poll sheds light on the true nature of our nation's micro businesses,¹ revealing their important role in our economy and its recovery. Commissioned by the Association for Enterprise Opportunity, the National Association for the Self-Employed and Small Business Majority, the poll leaves no doubt that these businesses are a major driver of our economic recovery. The poll refutes the perception that micro businesses are merely hobbyists selling tchotchkes on the Internet. In reality, nearly three-quarters of those surveyed report their micro business as their sole source of income. Nearly six in 10 have been in business for 10 years or longer. These are clearly real businesses providing a real living for these small business owners and their families.

Poll results leave no doubt that these businesses contribute significantly to the American economy. Despite our overall slow fiscal recovery, more than half employed a contractor or 1099 employee in the past year, and nearly a third have hired a full-time employee in the past year. These businesses greatly stimulate their local economies, as well, with nearly three-quarters reporting that at least some, if not all of their customers are local. More than half also report they spend \$10,000 or more annually on non-payroll expenses, such as equipment, computers, office supplies and more. Additionally, these businesses are growing—half of them plan to hire within the next two years, and 54% reported increased sales or revenues over the last two years.

What's more, most micro business owners report they are doing well and are optimistic about the future, contrary to recent reports claiming otherwise. In fact, the number of respondents who say their business is doing well (50%) is five times the number who say their business isn't doing well (only 10%). An impressive 67% of young owners (under 40) say their business is doing well. Optimism about the future is markedly high among entrepreneurs: nearly seven in 10 believe their business will be faring well over the next couple of years, as do a striking 81% of young owners. Minority business owners also demonstrate particularly strong optimism about their businesses' future.

In spite of this optimism, the contribution these businesses can make to our economic recovery and their ability to grow and expand is at risk. More than two-thirds of respondents report that availability of credit for micro businesses is a problem. Four in 10 small businesses who applied for credit were turned down last year, despite the fact that three in five micro business owners say they need up to, if not more than \$50,000 in the next three years to sustain and grow their business.

And, the micro businesses that are eager to grow and hire are notably more likely to have trouble getting the credit they need than businesses that have been around longer and do not need credit. A 58% majority of businesses that actually need credit say getting it is a serious problem for their businesses. Moreover, ones that have hired in the last year are more likely to have been denied credit. These micro businesses need a boost, and if they had it, they would help our recovering economy.

This poll reflects an Internet survey of 470 small business owners, drawn from Research Now Panel and conducted by Greenberg Quinlan Rosner Research for the Association for Enterprise Opportunity, the National Association for the Self-Employed and Small Business Majority. The survey was conducted from Aug 4-8, 2012.

¹ For the purposes of this poll, micro businesses are defined as businesses with 1-10 employees.

Main Findings

- Sizable majorities of micro businesses provide a sole source of income for their owners and have been fully operational for more than 10 years: Despite misconceptions that micro businesses are generally side projects that help provide a second household income, 74% of their owners report micro businesses to be a sole source of income and 57% have been operating for 10 years or more.
- Despite our lagging economic recovery, micro businesses have been growing and show strong signs they'll continue doing so: A 54% majority have employed a contractor or 1099 employee in the past year and nearly a third have hired a full time employee in the past year. Half of them plan to hire within the next two years.
- The impact micro businesses have on our economic growth is real: Micro businesses are not just hiring part-time, low paid workers: more than six in 10 spent over \$50,000 in payroll this year and 54% spend more than \$10,000 annually on non-payroll expenses such as equipment, computers, office supplies and more. In addition, a majority even reports an increase in sales or revenues over the last two years.
- Micro businesses stimulate local economies: three-quarters of owners report that at least some, if not all of their customers are right in their own communities: These entrepreneurs are based in their own communities, with 74% doing all or some of their business locally: 36% report most of their customers to be local, and nearly four in 10 report a mix of local and non-local customers. Less than a quarter say their customers are mostly from outside their community.
- Contrary to what some reports have recently said, opinion polling found micro business owners believe their companies are doing well: Half of micro business owners say their business is doing well, compared to only 10% who say their business isn't doing well. Moreover, an impressive 67% of respondents under 40 say their business is doing well.
- Rather than demonstrating uncertainty about the economy, micro business owners are markedly confident about where they see their business in the near future—particularly young and minority business owners: A strong majority of all micro business owners surveyed—nearly seven in 10—believe their business will be faring well over the next couple of years. An overwhelming 81% of respondents under 40 feel the same way. What's more, 67% of owners in that age group say they plan on hiring, along with 58% of minority business owners.
- Lackluster credit conditions are threatening to hinder micro business growth potential and thereby dampen overall fiscal recovery; the majority of micro businesses will need loans or credit in the next three years to remain successful and grow: A 61% majority of micro business owners report they'll need loans or credit worth up to or more than \$50,000 to sustain their business and hire employees over the next three years, however 40% of those who tried to access credit during the last two years were denied.
- Owners eager to grow and hire are more likely to have trouble getting the credit they need than businesses that aren't doing as much hiring: A broad 67% of respondents view credit availability as a problem for small businesses in general. But when taking into account only owners who say they need credit, a 58% majority view the availability of credit as a serious problem for their business. This sentiment is not surprising, considering businesses that hired last year were more likely to have been denied credit.
- Outside of access to credit, marketing and sales topped micro business owners' list of services they're most in need of: Nearly half, or 48%, cited marketing and sales as one of the top areas they most need help with for their business, while tax preparation (27%) and technology (21%) came in second and third.
- These businesses are politically diverse: 49% identified as Republican or lean Republican; 35% identified as Democrat or lean Democrat; 10% identified as independent and 7% identified as "other."

Micro Businesses Are Real, Established Entities That Sustain Jobs

A recent poll commissioned by the Association for Enterprise Opportunity, the National Association for the Self-Employed and Small Business Majority helps reveal who micro business owners really are, countering many misconceptions about them, including that they're simply hobbyists earning a little extra cash selling handicrafts.

The reality is nearly three-quarters of these owners depend on their micro business for their sole source of income and 57% have been in business for more than 10 years. In addition, 64% of respondents say their micro business produces at least half of their household income, with nearly one-third (29%) reporting that the business produces their entire household income.

Figure 1: Micro businesses contribute significantly to the American economy: 74% of these owners' businesses provide their sole source of income



Micro businesses in the United States are growing. A 54% majority employed a contractor or 1099 employee during the past year, and nearly a third have hired a new full-time employee in the past year. Another 54% report an increase in sales or revenues over the last two years.

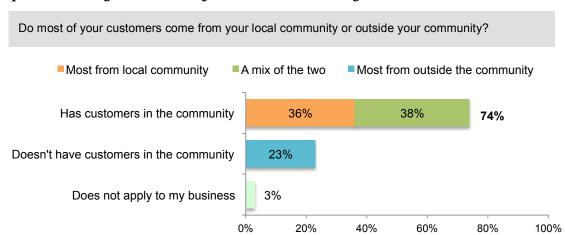
Figure 2: Micro businesses are growing: more than half report increased sales or revenues over the last two years and nearly a third hired a new full-time worker in the past year



A full half of micro business owners plan to hire within the next two years, as well. And they are not just hiring part time, low paid workers: more than six in 10 spent over \$50,000 in payroll this year.

These entrepreneurs help stimulate their local economies, with 74% doing all or some of their business locally. Thirty-six percent report most of their customers to be local, and 38% report a mix of local and non-local customers. Only 23% say their customers are mostly from outside their community.

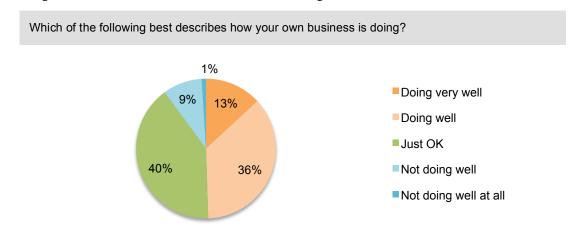
Figure 3: Micro businesses stimulate their local economies, with nearly threequarters doing all or some of their business locally



Micro Businesses Exhibit Marked Optimism About The Future

In contrast to recent reports indicating otherwise, most micro business owners report they are doing well and are optimistic about their businesses' future. In fact, half say their business is doing well (compared to only 10% who say their business isn't doing well). A notable 67% majority of young owners (under 40) say their business is doing well.

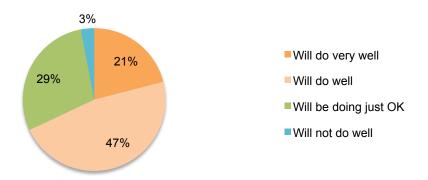
Figure 4: Half of businesses reported their business is doing well (compared to only 10% who said their business isn't doing well)



By the same turn, micro business owners show high levels of confidence about the near future, rather than exhibiting uncertainty about the economy. Nearly seven in 10 believe their business will do well over the next couple of years, and more than four in five young owners say the same thing. Minority business owners, too, demonstrate particularly striking optimism about their businesses' future.

Figure 5: Nearly seven in 10 micro business owners are optimistic about their businesses' future; young owners and minority business owners agree

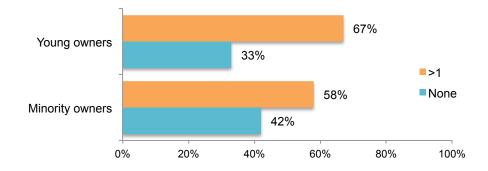
Looking forward, which of the following best describes how your business will be doing over the next couple of years?



In addition to believing success is on the near horizon for their businesses, young and minority business owners are also the most likely to say they plan on hiring workers in the future. Sixty-seven percent of business owners under 40 say they plan on hiring, and 58% of minority owned businesses also plan on hiring.

Figure 6: The vast majority of young and minority business owners plan on hiring over the next couple years

Looking ahead, about how many new full or part-time employees do you believe you will hire over the next two years?



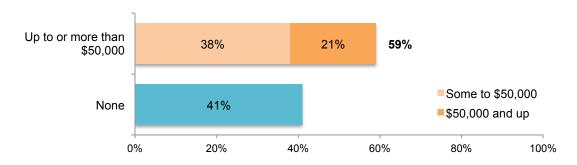
Credit Conditions Threaten the Growth Potential of Micro Businesses Seeking Expansion

The poll results resoundingly establish micro businesses' robust growth potential, and the fact that their owners are keenly aware of that potential and are seeking to live up to it. However, the lack of access to credit, along with limited demand and increasing costs, that entrepreneurs face today could have adverse, significant impacts on these businesses' ability to grow.

Six in 10 micro business owners say that to sustain their business and hire employees over the next three years, they will need loans or credit worth up to or more than \$50,000. Yet 40% of those who tried to access credit during the last two years have been denied.

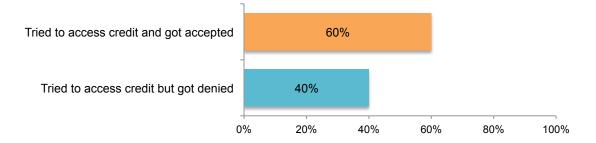
Figure 7: Six in 10 micro businesses say they need up to or more than \$50,000 over the next three years to sustain their business; 40% who tried to access credit in last two years been denied

Looking ahead three years, about how much total credit or loans do you believe you will need to keep and grow your business?



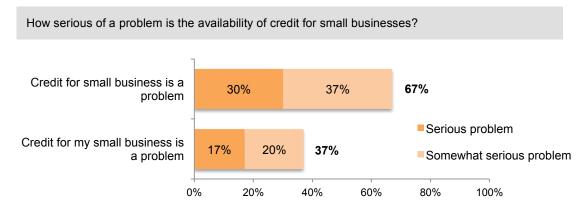
Over the last two years, have you attempted to borrow money for business purposes from any source, including banks, credit cards or borrowing from friends and family?

Have you been denied credit in the last two years?



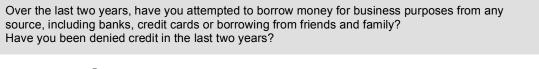
What's more, the micro businesses that need credit the most in order to expand are the ones least likely to be able to access it. While a 67% majority view credit availability as a serious problem, just 37% overall view it as serious problem for *their own business*. However, of the owners who indicate they need credit to grow, a 58% majority has met great difficulty in getting it, leading them to report the availability of it as a serious problem for their business.

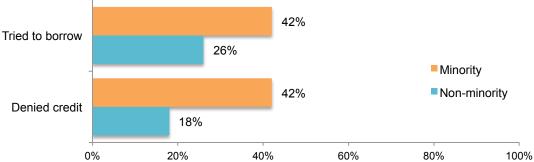
Figure 8: A strong majority view credit availability as a problem, and of those who say they need credit to grow, 58% has had difficulty in getting it



In terms of demographics, minority business owners are more likely to have attempted to borrow money, but also more than twice as likely to have been denied credit: 42% of minority business owners have been denied overall, compared to 18% of non-minority owned businesses.

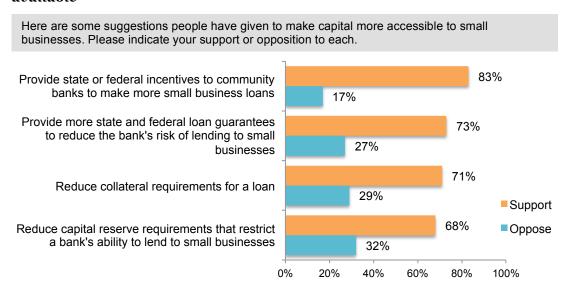
Figure 9: Minority micro business owners are twice as likely to have been denied credit than non-minority owners





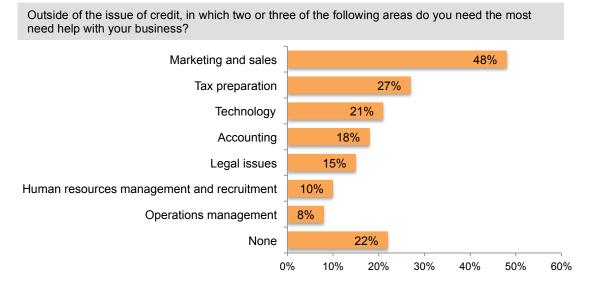
All things considered, it makes sense micro business owners strongly support efforts to make credit more available. Every measure tested received over 60% support. The most popular proposal involved providing incentives to community banks to make more small business loans, with 83% support, followed by providing more state and federal loan guarantees to reduce banks' small business lending risks (73%), reduced collateral requirements for a loan (71%) and reduced capital reserve requirements that restrict banks' abilities to make small business loans (68%).

Figure 10: Micro business owners strongly support efforts to make credit more available



When asked what these owners believe to be the biggest problems they're facing, lack of consumer demand (28%) and the rising cost of doing business (27%) top their list. These issues ranked higher than taxes (23%) and government regulations (20%). Lastly, when asked what services they believe could most help their business, they cited marketing and sales (48%), tax preparation (27%) and technology (21%) as the three areas where they need the most help with their business.

Figure 11: Micro business owners believe marketing and sales support is the area where they could use the most help with their business



Conclusion

Scientific opinion polling makes it evident micro businesses are a boon to the nation's economy. As misunderstood as they often are by legislators, media and the general public, these businesses are vital contributors to the economic recovery ahead. Most importantly, they have been doing well and growing. This proven success, coupled with their undeniable air of optimism about the future, helps underscore the importance of creating conditions for micro businesses to thrive. While entrepreneurs are confident about their businesses and the future, it's also true that many of them—particularly the ones most eager to expand and hire—need access to capital in order to sustain their growth. But oftentimes, it's those businesses that have the hardest time getting credit or help with various other services, including sales and marketing, that will help them grow and ensure their profitability.

Now that it's clear who micro business owners are—and that they will be key to creating jobs in the foreseeable future—the task at hand is ensuring they have sufficient access to the things they need that will foster their outstanding growth potential.

Methodology

This poll reflects an Internet survey of 470 small business owners, drawn from Research Now Panel and conducted by Greenberg Quinlan Rosner Research for the Association for Enterprise Opportunity, the National Association for the Self-Employed and Small Business Majority. The survey was conducted from Aug 4-8, 2012. The overall margin of error is +/- 4%.

Association for Enterprise Opportunity The Association for Enterprise Opportunity is a national membership organization and voice of micro business development in the United States. For nearly two decades, AEO and its hundreds of member organizations have helped more than two million entrepreneurs support themselves and their families and contribute to their communities through business ownership.

National Association for the Self-Employed The National Association for the Self-Employed was founded in 1981 and is the nation's leading resource for the self-employed and micro-business owners.

Small Business Majority Small Business Majority was founded and is run by small business owners to present a non-ideological, pragmatic view of public policy issues affecting America's 28 million small businesses and the self-employed.

Poll Toplines

Aug 4-8, 2012 470 Small business owners with 10 or fewer employees

Q.3 Do you own your own business?

	Micro Employer
Yes	100
No	_
Not sure	-
(ref:SBOSCR)	

Q.6 How many people do you employ full-time, including yourself but not including contractors?

	Micro Employer
1	27
2	31
3	18
4	6
5	7
6	4
7	2
8	2
9	1
10-19	2
20-29	-
30-39	-
40-49	-
50-50	-
51-60	-
61-70	-
71-80	-
81-90	-
91-100(ref:NUMEMPLY)	-

Q.7 How many people do you employ part-time? These would be people you employ that require a W-2 form.

	Micro Employer
0	61
1	15
2	12
3	4
4	3
5	3
6	2
7	_
8	0
9	0
10-19	0
20-29	_
30-39	_
40-49	_
50-50	-
51-60	_
61-70	_
71-80	_
81-90	-
91-100	-
(ref:NUMEMPLC)	

Q.8 Approximately how many people have you employed as contractors or 1099 employees over the last year?

	Micro Employer
None	
1	14
2-5	30
6-10	9
11-25	1
26-50	1
51-100	-
More than 100	-
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:NMEMPLYC)	

Q.9 How long have you been in business?

	Micro Employer
Less than one year	2
1-3 years	13
4-6 years	13
7-10 years	15
More than 10 years	57
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:LONG)	

	Micro Employei
A business that provides your sole source of income A part-time business to supplement your household	74
income	19

(ref:START)

Q.10 Which statement best describes your business?

Q.11 Which ONE of the following best describes your workplace?

	Employer
Home office	38
Commercial office space	23
Home office, employees working remotely	14
A storefront shop or other retail establishment	11
A manufacturing space or warehouse	5
A co-working space	2
Work in clients' homes	3
Other (specify)	5
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:RUN)	

Q.12 Do most of your customers come from your local community or outside your community?

	Micro
	Employer
Most from local community	36
Most from outside the community	
A mix of the two	38
Does not apply to my business	3
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:CUST)	

Q.13 Please indicate how many full-time employees you have hired over the last year.

	1,11010
	Employer 69
None	69
1	17
2	7
3-5	5
6-10	2
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:NWEMPLOY)	

Micro

Micro

0.14	Please indicate	how many	part-time emi	plovees vou	ı have hired	over the last v	ear
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	Micro Employer
None	70
1	16
2	8
3-5	4
6-10	2
More than 10	0
(Don't know/refused) (ref:NWEMPLYP)	-

[158 Respondents]

Q.15 Which of the following best describes the reasons why you have not hired people to do work for you:

	Micro Employer
Business does not make enough money	55
Do not want to manage new employees	23
Concerned about the economy	12
Concerned about new government regulations	6
Easier to use contract labor	4
Cannot find qualified candidates	-
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:NOTHIRE)	

Q.16 Looking ahead, about how many new full or part-time employees do you believe you will hire over the next two years?

	Micro Employer
None	50
1	20
2	19
3-5	8
6-10	2
More than 10	2
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:FHIRE)	

Q.17 Which of the following best describes how your own business is doing?

g.	Micro Employer
Doing very well	13
Doing well	36
Just OK	40
Not doing well	9
Not doing well at all	1
(Don't know/refused)	-
Total Well	50
Total Not Well	10
Well - Not Well	39

Q.18 Looking forward, which of the following best describes how your business will be doing over the next couple of years?

	Micro Employer
Will do very well	21
Will do well	47
Will be doing just OK	29
Will not do well	3
Will not do well at all	0
(Don't know/refused)	-
Total Well	68
Total Not Well	3
Well - Not Well	65

Q.19 Which ONE or TWO of the following do you believe are the biggest problems facing your business?

	Micro Employer
Lack of consumer demand	28
Rising costs of doing business, such as higher materials	
or supply costs	27
Taxes	23
Government regulation	20
Rising costs of doing business, such as higher fuel or	
electricity costs	20
Cost of providing health care to employees	15
Competition from big corporations	16
Access to capital	11
(Refused)	O
(ref:BIGPROB3)	

Q.20 During the last two years, how would you describe your business' sales or revenues?

	Micro
	Employer
Increased by more than 100 percent	4
Increased by 50 to 99 percent	6
Increased by 25-49 percent	10
Increased by 10 to 25 percent	18
Increased by less than 10 percent	16
No change	17
Is down by less than 10 percent	10
Is down by 10-25 percent	14
Is down by more than 50 percent	6
(Don't know/refused)	-
Total Increased	54
No change	17
Decreased	30

Q.21 In your business, how much do you spend on average per year on non-payroll expenses such as equipment, computers, office supplies, auto mileage, rent, insurance etc.? Again, this is any expense not involving payroll.

Micro

	Employer
\$1-\$5,000	25
\$5,000-\$10,000	22
\$10,000-\$20,000	15
\$20,000-\$30,000	11
\$30,000-\$50,000	9
\$50,000-\$100,000	11
Over \$100,000	8
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:CAPEXPND)	

[345 Respondents]

Q.22 In your business, how much do you spend on average per year on payroll?

of the control of the	Micro Employer
Under \$25,000	20
\$25,000-\$50,000	19
\$50,000-\$100,000	24
\$100,000-\$200,000	22
\$200,000-\$500,000	12
\$500,000-\$1,000,000	3
Over \$1,000,000	0
(Don't know/refused)	-
(ref:PAYEXPND)	

Q.23 Over the last two years, have you attempted to borrow money for business purposes from any source, including banks, credit cards or borrowing from friends and family?

	Micro Employer
Yes	29
No	71
(Don't know/refused)	-
Yes - No	-42

[136 Respondents]

Q.24 (IF ATTEMPTED TO BORROW) How much money were you attempting to borrow?

10 Boltkow) from mach money were you attempting to Boltow.	Micro Employer
None	1
Some credit, but under \$25,000	45
\$25,000- to under \$50,000	18
\$50,000 to under \$100,000	16
\$100,000 to under \$250,000	8
\$250,000 to under \$500,000	6
\$500,000 to under \$1 million	2
\$1 million to under \$2 million	1
\$2 million or more	3
Don't know	_
Prefer not to say	-
Less than \$50,000	64
\$50,000 and up	36

[136 Respondents]

Q.25 (IF ATTEMPTED TO BORROW) Why did you attempt to borrow for business purposes?

	Micro
	Employer
To purchase equipment	39
To bridge the gap between payables and receivables	38
To pay outstanding debts	38
To expand business	31
To finance orders	16
To pay employees	10
To start a new business	7
To hire new permanent employees	5
To hire new temporary employees	2
Other	11
(Don't know)	-
(ref:BORROW2)	

[334 Respondents]

Q.26 (IF NOT ATTEMPTED TO BORROW) Is the reason you have not attempted to borrow money for business purposes more because your business did not need credit or that you believed no credit would be available to you?

	Micro
	Employer
Did not need	80
No credit available	12
Neither	8
(Don't know)	_
(ref:BORROW3)	

Q.27 Which of the following are the most important types of financing for your business? You may pick up to three responses.

	Micro
	Employer
Re-invest profits/proceeds	40
Loan from commercial bank loans or lines of credit	37
Loan from credit cards	22
Loan from family/friends	12
Loan from small Business Administration/government	
guaranteed loan	10
Loan from home equity line	10
Government grants (local, state or federal)	6
Loan invoice factoring	2
Crowd funding	2
Loan from online lending such as Lending Club or	
Prosper	1
Loan from Community Development Financial	
Institution or non-profit lender (example Accion)	1
Other	11
(Don't know)	О
(ref:CRSOURCE)	

Q.28 How serious of a problem is the availability of credit for small businesses?

propriem to the analysis of executive children successes.	Micro Employer
A serious problem	30
A somewhat serious problem	37
Minor problem	15
Not really a problem	17
(Don't know)	0
Total Serious	67
Not Serious(ref:CREDIT5)	32

Q.29 Thinking specifically about your business, how serious of a problem is the availability of credit?

	Micro
	Employer
A serious problem	17
A somewhat serious problem	20
Minor problem	21
Not really a problem	42
(Don't know)	0
Total Serious	3 7
Not Serious	63
(ref:CREDIT6)	

Q.30 Looking ahead three years, about how much total credit or loans do you believe you will need to keep and grow your business?

	Micro
	Employer
None	41
Some credit, but under \$25,000	28
\$25,000- to under \$50,000	10
\$50,000 to under \$100,000	9
\$100,000 to under \$250,000	6
\$250,000 to under \$500,000	2
\$500,000 to under \$1 million	1
\$1 million to under \$2 million	1
\$2 million or more	1
Don't know	-
Prefer not to say	-
None	41
Some to \$50,000	38
\$50,000 and up (ref:CREDIT9)	21

Q.31 Have you ever used your home as a source of capital for your business, through refinancing or as collateral for a loan or line of credit?

	Micro Employer
No, have not used home as a source of credit	
No, do not own home/does not apply	9
Yes, line of credit	17
Yes, refinancing your mortgage	5
Yes, used as collateral for a loan	5
(Don't know)	-
Total No	76
Total Yes	24
(ref:HOME)	

Q.32 Have you used a credit card (either personal or in the name of your businesses) that you are responsible for repaying to help finance your business?

	Micro Employer
Yes	64
No	36
(Don't know)	_
(ref:CARDS)	

[300 Respondents]

Q.33 (IF USED CREDIT CARDS) What is the most credit card debt related to your business you've carried over the last two years?

	Micro Employer
Less than \$1,000	30
Between \$1,000 and \$2,000	15
Between \$2,000 and \$5,000	16
Between \$5,000 and \$10,000	15
Over \$10,000	24
(Don't know/refused)	-
Under \$5,000	61
\$5,000 or more (ref:CCDEBT)	39

Q.34 Have you ever signed a loan for your business for which you are NOT the personal guarantor?

	Micro Employer
Yes	6
No	94
(Don't know) (ref:LOANGR)	-

Q.35 Here are some suggestions people have given to make capital more accessible to small businesses. Please indicate your support or opposition to each.

35 Reduce capital reserve requirements				Strng Opp				Supp - Opp
that restrict a bank's ability to lend to small businesses. Micro Employer	28	40	22	10	-	68	32	36
36 Reduce collateral requirements for a loan Micro Employer	 29	43	23	6	-	71	29	43
37 Provide state or federal incentives to community banks to make more small business loans. Micro Employer	38	45	12	5	-	83	17	67
38 Provide more state and federal loan guarantees to reduce the bank's risk of lending to small businesses Micro Employer (ref:CREDBAT)	 32	41	18	9	-	73	2 7	45

Q.39 Have you been denied credit in the last two years?

	Micro Employer
Yes	22
No	78
(Don't know/refused) (ref:HIRE3)	-

Q.40 If your business had more access to credit or capital, would you be more or less likely to hire more employees or would it make no difference either way?

	Micro
	Employer
More likely	28
Less likely	3
No difference	69
(Don't know/refused)	-
More likely - Less likely(ref:HIRE2)	25

Q.41 Outside of the issue of credit, in which two or three of the following areas do you need the most need help with your business?

	Micro
	Employer
Marketing and sales	48
Tax preparation	27
Technology	21
Accounting	18
Legal issues	15
Human resources management and recruitment	10
Operations management	8
None	22
(Don't know)	0
(ref:SERVICES)	

Q.42 These last questions are for statistical purposes only: Which of the following categories best describes your business?

	Micro Employer
Professional services	47
Retail or wholesale	18
Education, health care or a non-profit organization	2
Construction	6
Industry or manufacturing	4
Transportation or utilities	1
Agriculture	1
Food services or production	2
Other (write in)	17
Refused	-
(ref:BUSTYPE)	

Q.43 In what year were you born?

	Micro Employer
18 - 24	1
25 - 29	4
30 - 34	8
35 - 39	8
40 - 44	13
45 - 49	12
50 - 54	13
55 - 59	13
60 - 64	10
65 and over	18
(No answer)	-
(ref:AGE)	

Q.44 Generally speaking, do you think of yourself as a Republican, a Democrat, an Independent, or something else?

	Micro
	Employer
Democrat	22
Independent-lean Democrat	13
Independent	10
Independent-lean Republican	12
Republican	37
Other	7
Don't know/Refused	-
(ref:PTYID1)	

Q.46 What is the last year of schooling that you have completed?

	Employer
1 - 11th grade	1
High school graduate	6
Non-college post H.S	1
Some college	25
College graduate	40
Post-graduate school	28
Don't know/Prefer not to say	-
(ref:EDUC)	

Micro

Q.47 For statistical purposes only, which of these categories best describes the gross revenue of your business in 2011?

Under \$25,000	
\$25,000 to under \$50,000	
\$50,000 to under \$100,000	
\$100,000 to under \$250,000	
\$250,000 to under \$500,000	
\$500,000 to under \$1 million	
\$1 million to under \$2 million	
\$2 million or more	
Don't know	
Prefer not to say	
Q.48 How much of your total family income came from your business in 2011?	-
Micro Employ	
Under \$10,000	
Between \$10,000 and \$20,000	
Between \$20,000 and \$30,000	
7.4	
Between \$50,000 and \$75,000	
Between \$100,000-\$150,000	
Between \$150,000-\$200,000	
Over \$200,000	
Prefer not to say	
(ref:PCTINC)	
Q.49 What percentage does this represent of your family income?	_
Micro Employ	
Employ All	er
More than 50 percent	
Less than 25 percent	
(Don't know/refused)	
(ref:PCTINC2)	
Q.50 Do you own or rent your primary residence?	
Micro Employ	
Own	
Rent 14	
Other	
(Don't know/refused)	

O 51	What	ic	vour	race?
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	Micro Employer
White	79
African American or Black	3
Hispanic or Latino	
Asian or Pacific Islander	
American Indian or Native American	1
Other	1
Biracial or multiracial	1
Prefer not to say	4
(ref:RACE)	

Q.53 Is your business minority- or woman-owned?

	Micro Employer
Yes, minority owned	9
Yes, woman owned	32
Yes, both	7
No	52
Refused	-
Total Minority	16
Total Women	39
Total Women/Minority	48
(ref:MINOWN)	

Q.2 Before you begin, please answer a few questions about yourself to ensure that the survey has a representative sample. What is your gender?

	Micro Employer
Male	57
Female	43
(ref:GENDER)	